

Newspaper Clips

October 25, 2011

The Tribune ND 25/10/2011 P-4

Ex-IIT don cheats, cools his heels in police custody

PARMINDAR SINGH

GHAZIABAD, OCTOBER 24

A retired IIT professor and three educated young men used their IT skills and sweet talk to entrap thousands of unsuspecting people, who made the cheats richer by an astounding Rs 60 crore.

The tricksters were able to give themselves a life of comfort and luxury. But their luck ran out ultimately and the crooks landed in the police net.

Three of them, who had launched several fake finance firms, travel and film production companies and floated fake websites, were arrested. They operated in nine cities and were allegedly led by a retired IIT professor. Cheques and cash were recovered from the trio.

According to SSP (Ghazi-

abad) Raghuvir Lal, the accused had a huge network and were active in Ghaziabad, Noida, Kolkata, Chennai, Mumbai, Jaipur, Bangalore and Ahmedabad.

"Manish Rajput, a resident of Vaishali; Mahendra Singh, a resident of Jaagriti Vihar; and Arjun Singh, a resident of Vivek Vihar in east Delhi, have been arrested. However, Deepak Kumar Rajput (45), a retired IIT teacher; Narender Paul, a resident of Indirapuram; and one Shakti are still absconding along with four Noida girls who posed as tele-callers," said Lal.

Their three-pronged strategy: "They asked the victims to pay Rs 1,000 to register with their tele-marketing website. Subsequently, the victims had to pay another Rs 10,000 to obtain the login

and marketing kit. Good work was appreciated and rewards in the form of gold coins, medallions and even cars were freely distributed to the agents. But soon, the accused shut shop and absconded," said Lal.

The conmen then opened up travel websites, offering foreign trips at rock-bottom prices. Initially, clients would be given discounts on smaller trips to Southeast Asia, inspiring them to pay willingly for trips to the US and Europe. Once they had enough money, the accused shut down this website also.

"They cheated two Chennai-based film directors to the tune of Rs 1.75 crore by promising to give them a break in a Hindi movie. Even a mahurat was held, attended by a Bollywood actor," Lal added.

Hindustan Times Kolkata 24.10.2011 P-3

Director-registrar row at IIT

CAMPUS COMMOTION Trouble began when the registrar wasn't allowed to rejoin the institute by the director

ht SPECIAL

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KOLKATA: Differences between IIT-Kharagpur director Damodar Acharya and the institute's registrar on lien D Gunasekaran came out in the open on Friday, when the director disallowed Gunasekaran from rejoining the institute even after the latter had completed his assignment on deputation with

the shipping ministry.

Gunasekaran is now planning to take his case to the ministry of human resource development (MHRD) and the board of governors of IIT-Kharagpur.

Gunasekaran, on lien since 2009, was deputed by the central government as the registrar of Indian Maritime University, Chennai. His term with the maritime varsity got over on March 31, 2011.

"As soon as my term with the maritime university got

over, I returned to IIT-Kharagpur, my parent institute, but was asked to go on paid leave for the time being and have since not been called back," Gunasekaran told *Hindustan Times*.

He once again tried to join the institute on October 21 but was formally told that he could not join until further notice. "Gunasekaran put up a notice that he was joining back. Under the instructions of director Damodar Acharya, I issued an order nullifying

I was asked to go on a paid leave for the time being and have since not been called back to IIT-Kgp

D GUNASEKARAN
Registrar on lien

the earlier notice since Gunasekaran had no authority to do so and also mentioned that the institute has not yet accepted

him back," AK Mukherjee, deputy director of IIT-Kharagpur, told *Hindustan Times*. "TK Ghosal would continue as officiating registrar until further notice."

According to reports, an insider had filed a complaint against Gunasekaran in February 2011 stating he had overstepped his limit in sanctioning funds for a project in 2004. The director, therefore, did not allow Gunasekaran to rejoin the institute until the enquiry against him was over.

"How can the director disallow me from joining when he has himself not resigned from his post even though a CBI probe against him on the charge of corruption is under way. In my case, the allegations are baseless. Even the institute is aware of it and has not chargesheeted me," Gunasekaran said.

"There is no formal charge against me and my lien, too, is

over. In such a situation, no one can stop me from joining my parent institution. I would be meeting the human resources ministry officials and members of the board of governors and then file a formal complaint," Gunasekaran said. "I have faith in the ministry and the board of governors and am not intending to go to court with this right now."

Financial Chronicle ND 25.10.11 P-10

EdServ to offer IIT prep course

To help students, Chennai-based education IT firm EdServ said on Monday it has partnered with telecom services provider Tata Docomo to offer IIT-JEE and AIEEE test preparation course on mobile phones.

DNA Ahmedabad 24.10.11 P-3

Need for inter-IIT exchange of ideas stressed

DNA Correspondent

On the second day of the Inter-IIT Gymkhana Summit hosted by the Indian Institute of Technology, Gandhinagar (IIT-Gn), director of the premier institute, SK Jain, said there was a need to promote inter-IIT idea exchange programme. Dean of students' affairs at IIT- Bombay, Prof UA Yagnik, agreed to the suggestion and planned to implement it.

On Sunday, participating students discussed issues like image of IITs, and changes that need to be made in the system. Students from eight IITs participated. The idea of coming on the same platform to discuss and streamline each of their activities was welcomed by the students.

Major issues discussed during the two-day event included sharing the project information and research work throughout the IITs.

Also, the participants spent time with experts like Sunil Parekh, founder and head of Pan- IIT Gujarat As-



IIT-Gn director floats suggestion on 2nd day of Inter- IIT Gymkhana Summit

sociation, and Prof Utpal Sharma from CEPT University. The discussion was on how to tackle some pertinent issues relating to the individual localities and it focused on how each IIT can help solve problems in their areas and help people around them.

While IITs in Gandhinagar, Guwahati, Madras, Hyderabad, Mandi, Ropar, Rajasthan, and Indore joined in person, two other IITs — Kanpur and Bombay — joined through video-conferencing.

Pvt univs can now go off-shore

Attorney General Says Move In Line With UGC, SC Norms

**Dhananjay Mahapatra &
Akshaya Mukul | TNN**

New Delhi: Attorney General (AG) Goolam E Vahanvati has paved the way for private and state universities — set up by state legislatures — to establish off-shore campuses and off-campus centres. He said the regulations are not in conflict with the Supreme Court judgment in the Yashpal case.

Vahanvati's opinion is a stamp of approval for the UGC Regulations 2010, which has been awaiting a legal nod since September last year. Regulations would also legalize campuses of many private varsities that exist outside the state of their origin.

The AG cited stringent conditions of seeking the approval of the UGC and the RBI in setting off-campus centres



MORE OPTIONS TO CHOOSE FROM

and off-shore campuses. In an eight-page opinion, Vahanvati disagreed with the law ministry's view that the regulations are "in direct conflict with the law as laid down by the SC in the case of Yashpal, therefore, if challenged, the proposed regulations may not

withstand judicial scrutiny".

Vahanvati said observations of the SC in the Yashpal case "cannot be interpreted to mean that the central government is denuded of any power to permit off-shore campuses". He said, "The SC judgment reaffirms the impor-

tance of Entry 66 (of the Constitution) and the width and plentitude of the power of Parliament there under. Therefore the SC judgment cannot be read to dilute Parliamentary power."

The AG said stringent conditions in the regulations are appropriate. Regulations put the condition that off-campus centres outside the state can be established, subject to the condition that the university has been inspected by the UGC; there is provision under the Act of the university passed by the state or Central government; prior approval of statutory bodies of the university has been taken; no-objection certificate has been obtained from the state government and off-campus can be started five years after the varsity has started its academic activities.

Hindustan Times

Title : New acting VC of IGNOU appointed

Author :

Location :

Article Date : 10/25/2011

New acting VC of IGNOU appointed

Prof. M. Aslam took over as the new acting Vice Chancellor of the Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU) after taking charge from Prof. V.N. Rajasekharan Pillai, former Vice Chancellor of the university who completed his five year tenure. Prof. Aslam was serving the university as a Director of the School of Continuing Education (SOCE) and professor of Rural Development since 1992.



Mail Today ND 25/10/2011 P-24

GETTING THE EQUATION RIGHT

By Sangeeth Sebastian

WHEN Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU), the leader in distance education in the country, decided to introduce its first on-campus post-graduate programme in 2009, Chemistry was the first choice.

It was a bold move aimed at tapping the renewed interest among students in pure sciences, which, the university believed, was a fall-out of the widespread disillusionment with the Information Technology sector.

Three years on, as the world celebrates the International Year of Chemistry to celebrate the Nobel Prize awarded to the Polish-French radioactivity pioneer Marie Curie in 1911, IGNOU's top honchos have been proved right. The university, which started its M.Sc. programme in Chemistry with 13 students, now has around 30 students.

"There's been a perceptible increase in the interest in science, especially in chemistry, among students in the last five years," said P.T. Manoharan, C.V. Raman chair and professor at the School of Science, IGNOU, who has organised an international conference on Chemistry at the university. "Job opportunities also have gone up with industries such as chemicals, pharmaceuticals and fertilisers getting stronger in the country," he added.

It's not just IGNOU that is experiencing a resurgence of interest in Chemistry. The country's prestigious IITs now have at least 50 students each in their MSc Chemistry programme. S.V. Eswaran, academic dean and head of chemistry, St Stephen's College, likens this new-found interest in Chemistry to the "T20 phenomenon" that has take over cricket.

"These are exciting times for chemistry in the country. Students from small towns such as neighbouring Sonapat, Hisar and Rohtak are opting for Chemistry in a big way," Eswaran said. "The subject is becoming more and more central to science. Biotechnology, nanotechnology and material sciences all have their roots in Chemistry. It is the chemists, after all, who create nano materials," he added.

Most of the international collaborations, in fact, are taking place in nano sciences, pharmaceutical chemistry and molecular biology. Funding agencies are all the time looking out for talent in these fields.

The rising cut-offs for Chemistry are reflective of the demand for the course. At St Stephen's, the cut-off touched an all-time high of 93 per cent earlier this year.

So what accounts for this turnaround in attitude? The "failure" of the over-hyped IT sector, an increase in investment from the government and research organisations, and an attractive salary structure for university researchers are cited as some of the reasons.

"We saw a recession in scholarships for research students between the early 1990s and 2005," IGNOU Professor Javed Abrar Farooqi said.

Funding for research is now available fairly easily from organisations such as the Department of Atomic Energy and Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. "Organisations such as the Ford and Rockefeller foundations are also offering money for collaborative research," Farooqi said.

His view is shared by Rupamanjari Ghosh, Professor, School of Physical Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University: "Students today can venture into research without

a fear of lack of money or absence of success."

Yet the monetary support enjoyed by pure sciences in the country is far from adequate when compared with China. "Investment in basic sciences in China is phenomenal," Ghosh said.

"We need a clear-cut policy to promote fundamental sciences. The climate for research has improved marginally in the country over the last 30 years," she added.

So what are some of the essential qualities of a successful researcher? "Ability to sustain your interest for a long stretch of time is one

As the world celebrates the International Year of Chemistry, student interest and research funding in the subject has been steadily on the rise

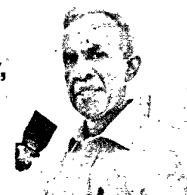
KAUSHIK ROY



"Collaborative research funding is now also coming from organisations such as the Ford and Rockefeller foundations," says School of Science (IGNOU) Professor Javed Abrar Farooqi (left). Chemistry was the first on-campus M.Sc. programme to be introduced by IGNOU.

Most of the international collaborations are taking place in nano sciences, pharmaceutical chemistry and molecular biology. Funding agencies are all the time looking out for talent in these fields.

The subject is fast becoming central to science. Biotechnology, nanotechnology and material sciences all have their roots in the work chemists do.



S.V. ESWARAN

ACADEMIC DEAN AND HoD, CHEMISTRY, ST STEPHEN'S COLLEGE

of the pre-requisites for specialising in Chemistry," Eswaran said.

"Students are required to be on their feet for long hours inside labs for practicals, apart having sharp numerical skills and the readiness to read voraciously on the subject," Eswaran added.

With the new-found love for the subject coinciding with the centenary of the Nobel Prize for Marie Curie (she, incidentally, was also the first person to be honoured with a double Nobel for both Physics and Chemistry), the time may be right for the start of the hunt for the Indian Curie.

Online resources for investor education, rights

TIMES NEWS NETWORK

Over the years, the government and the regulators have become increasingly vigilant in safeguarding the rights of investors, especially the small investors. This, in turn, has helped set up several websites that educate investors about their rights relating trading in the share market, and buying & selling mutual fund units. While some of these websites have been set up by the government itself, some are being run by investor associations.

One can go directly go to the ministry of corporate affairs website at www.mca.gov.in and click on 'Investor Services', and select the sites linked to it. Links to several useful sites are available here which are related to educating investors, making them aware of their rights and duties, addressing investor grievances, etc.

One can also go to the site of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi), the regulator for mutual funds and stock markets, and click on 'Investor Complaints', which takes one directly to scores.gov.in, a site maintained by the regulator itself. Scores (for Sebi Complaints Redress System) is an online system where every investor complaint is monitored live by the regulator till it is solved to satisfaction.

The process works like this: Once an investor logs on to the site and completes a small registration form, the complaint is lodged. Within minutes, an acknowledgement is generated by Sebi, complete



A CLICK AWAY

Important websites for investors:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs:
www.mca.gov.in

Sebi: www.sebi.gov.in

Association of Mutual Funds in India:
<http://www.amfiindia.com>

Investor education, protection: iepf.gov.in;
www.watchoutinvestors.com;
www.investorhelpline.in

with a reference number. It also informs the complainant that within 30 days his complaint will be redressed.

A Sebi official then goes through the complaint and assigns it to the relevant party. The parties involved in any complaint could be a broker, a mutual fund, a distributor, a stock exchange or any other Sebi-regulated entity, which is required to take action on the complaint in a time bound manner. After a few days, the complainant can check the status of her complaint on the system. Once the

reply from the party involved reaches, a Sebi official looks into it to see if the complaint has been redressed to Sebi's satisfaction. Only after the regulator is satisfied that it has been redressed properly is the complaint closed.

Among the other sites, an investor can go to the government-run Investor Education and Protection Fund's site iepf.gov.in. The site is dedicated to the promotion of investor awareness and protection of their interests. Other than in English, it is also available in several other languages, including in Hindi, Assamese, Bengali, Gujarati and Marathi.

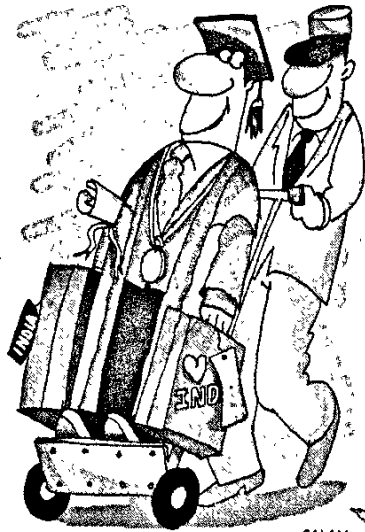
Investor Helpline, at investorhelpline.in, is another site which handles investor grievances. Run by Midas Touch Investors Association, it also offers complaint filing and tracking service, free of charge. It also imparts investor education.

Another website managed by the ministry of corporate affairs is watchoutinvestors.com, a very useful national web-based registry covering entities including companies, intermediaries and individuals who have been indicted for an economic default, have been non-compliant of laws, guidelines, etc or are no longer in the specified activity.

Association of Mutual Funds in India, the mutual fund industry body, runs its website www.amfiindia.com. An investor can go to the site to learn about mutual funds, check out details about various funds and download various forms related to the industry.

As West Heads South, Ivy Grads Eye India

Bain, AT Kearney & BCG see increase in no. of resumes from top B-schools graduates



SALAM

SAUMYA BHATTACHARYA
NEW DELHI

Graduates from the elite Indian Institutes of Management (IIMs) may be the cat's whiskers in the job market but perhaps not for too much longer. They will now have to vie with their global counterparts from Ivy League universities and other top institutes worldwide for top-drawer placements and compensation.

The most-coveted consulting firms at top B-school campuses in India such as Bain and Co, AT Kearney and Boston Consulting Group say the number of resumes from graduates at top B-schools such as Harvard, Wharton, Kellogg, Stanford, and INSEAD-France has shot up recently. These include largely students of Indian origin although feelers are coming in from non-Indians, too. The good news for graduates from IIMs and other top Indian B-schools is that they still constitute close to 90% of the total hires of such firms, which are among the

top choices for students.

"Given the troubled economic scenario in the western world, India seems like a good option," says Sampath Sudarshan Kumar, partner, Bain & Company. Bain, which hardly ever received resumes from non-Indians, has of late seen such requests for direct hiring into India. "We expect to see more of this as having the China and/or India experience is increasingly becoming important—almost a necessity—for career progression," adds Kumar.

At Boston Consulting Group (BCG) India, queries have been increasing from institutes such as Harvard, Stanford and Kellogg. "At the moment it is reactive hiring, but BCG India is planning to look at it more actively," says Ravi Srivastava, partner and director, BCG India.

AT Kearney in India hires mostly from the IIMs—Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Calcutta, and sometimes Lucknow; it also taps the ISB, Hyderabad.

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Experience in a Growing Economy

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Of late, though, there have been some shifts.

Vikas Kaushal, partner & vice-president, AT Kearney, says: "It is true that a lot more aspirants from Ivy League institutions and top B-schools now approach us for working in India." For example, at INSEAD in France, the number of queries to work in the India offices of AT Kearney has gone up in the last couple of years. AT Kearney teams in France undertake the recruitment programme in INSEAD and also identify potential candidates for the Indian practice, says Kaushal. AT Kearney selectively looks at people from leading B-schools such as Wharton, Harvard and others.

The firm has also started getting requests from graduates from Western B-schools who want to work in India for a few years. "It's good to have India on the CV. There is an increasing set of people who want to work for two-three years. The interest in getting work experience in a growing economy like India has increased. We get applications where people want to work in India for a few years," says Kaushal.

McKinsey & Company does get a number of applications from students at Ivy Leagues and other top institutes, but has no near-term plan to recruit from there. "We're blessed with great talent in India, and as a firm has the benefit of an excellent global talent pool; so we have no near-term plans to proactively recruit abroad for entry level for India," says Renny Thomas, partner, McKinsey & Company.

For the Ivy Leaguers and graduates from top B-schools abroad, salaries are Indian. Firms say that pay packets are role-linked and not institute-linked. "Ivy League students will get the same salary as IIM students for the same role," says Kaushal. That effectively means Ivy League students are willing to take a salary cut to work in India. At Bain, none of the overseas candidates is paid differently when compared to equivalent candidates in India. "The consulting price points in India will not permit us to pay Western salaries but our compensation is extremely competitive and comfortable from an India perspective," says Bain's Kumar.

Deccan Chronicle Hyderabad 23.10.11 P-3

Tech colleges slash fees

DC CORRESPONDENT
HYDERABAD, OCT. 22

Engineering colleges are making last ditch efforts to sell seats. Managements are offering B.Tech seats for just ₹60,000 for the entire four-year course. In addition to this, many colleges are offering free transport and hostel accommodation at subsidised price.

The government has given additional time to

the managements to fill seats due to the Sakala Janula Samme.

Earlier, the deadline for filling the seats through conducting spot admissions was October 15. However, the government has extended the deadline to October 31 as per the request of the managements who argued that they could not conduct spot admissions as the colleges were closed due to the Sakala Janula Samme

from September 13.

Be it convenor quota or management quota, the price remains the same. As per the fee structure prescribed by the government, the tuition fee for a convenor quota seat is Rs 31,000 per annum, while it is Rs 95,000 for a management quota seat.

Despite conducting two phases of Eamcet engineering counselling, 84,971 seats out of the 1,92,944 seats remained vacant.

Dainik Bhaskar Kota 24.10.2011 P-9

आईआईटी: हमारे टैक्स से उनकी दिवाली लेकिन...

हक के बावजूद नहीं दी हमारे कोटा को सेंटर की रोशनी, नाराज शहर बोला- हमारे बच्चों के लिए ऐसा अंधेरा क्यों

कोटा। देश-विदेश में एजुकेशन सिटी के नाम से मशहूर कोटा की साख को उस समय फिर कराया झटका लगा, जब आईआईटी-जेईई, 2012 के परीक्षा केंद्रों की सूची में कोटा का नाम निरंतर चौथे साल भी शामिल नहीं किया गया। इसके विपरीत राज्य के दो छोटे शहरों सीकर और अलवर में नए परीक्षा केंद्र घोषित करके परीक्षार्थियों को चौंका दिया। इस साल आईआईटी मुंबई जोन में जयपुर, जोधपुर, बीकानेर और दिल्ली जोन में उदयपुर, सीकर व अलवर को सेंटर बनाया गया है।

आईआईटी बोर्ड के इस गोपनीय फैसले का विरोध करते हुए शहर के शिक्षाविदों, राजनेताओं, अभिभावकों व छात्रों ने इसे कोटा की सफलता का सार्वजनिक अपमान बताया है। उनका कहना है कि सरकार को कोचिंग से 200 करोड़ रु. का टैक्स मिल रहा है, आईआईटी को आवेदन फॉर्म की बिक्री से 4 करोड़ रुपए की आय होती है, लेकिन छात्रों के हक की बात आते ही सरकार पीछे हट जाती है। दिल्ली को कोटा की सफलता

से इतनी ईर्ष्या क्यों है, यह समझ से परे है। हम देशभर की प्रतिभाओं को तराशकर देश को होनहार आईआईटीयन दे रहे हैं। सेंटर बहाल नहीं करना उन हजारों छात्रों की मेहनत का सीधा अपमान है, जो दिन रात पढ़ाई करके कड़ी प्रतिस्पर्धा में अपनी योग्यता से सफल हो रहे हैं। पूरे देश से यहां तैयारी कर रहे छात्र कोटा में ही परीक्षा केंद्र चाहते हैं, ताकि वे परीक्षा से ठीक पहले दूसरे शहरों तक आने-जाने में होने वाली शारीरिक, मानसिक और आर्थिक परेशानी से बच सकें।

पूरे देश पर यही तर्क लागू करो

आईआईटी को कोटा से किस बात की नाराजगी है, यह समझ से परे है। हालांकि यहां सेंटर होने या न होने से छात्रों की परफॉर्मेंस प्रभावित नहीं होगी, फिर भी अच्छा होगा कि आईआईटी की एक टीम यहां आकर कोचिंग सिस्टम का वास्तविक फील्डबैक ले, छात्रों से बात करके उनकी भावनाएं जानने का प्रयास करे, न कि दिल्ली में बैठकर एक तरफा फैसला करें।

– पीके बंसल, सीईओ, बंसल कलासेस
दिल्ली के कोटा से इतनी ईर्ष्या क्यों है, समझ में नहीं आता। यह छात्रों, शिक्षकों और शहर के साथ सरासर अन्याय है। किसी भी प्रिस्टीजियस प्रवेश परीक्षा के रिजल्ट में कोटा का प्रतिशत सबसे ज्यादा रहता है,

यही ईर्ष्या का कारण बन गया है। छात्रों की भावनाओं को समझकर व्यायसगत फैसला करने की बजाय आईआईटी बोर्ड एकतरफा मनमानी कर रहा है।

– बृजेश माहेश्वरी, निदेशक, एलेन कैरियर इंस्टीट्यूट
आईआईटी बोर्ड ने कोटा को किसी दूसरे देश का हिस्सा बना दिया है, लोकतंत्र में ऐसे मनमानी फैसले करने की छूट नहीं होनी चाहिए। यह लॉजिकल कदम नहीं है। आईआईटी के परीक्षा सिस्टम में पक्षपातपूर्ण निर्णय लिए जा रहे हैं। यदि कोचिंग से ही पेपर की सुरक्षा का खतरा है तो पूरे देश के सेंटरों पर यही तर्क समान रूप से लागू क्यों नहीं किया जाता।

– प्रमोद माहेश्वरी, सीईओ, कैरियर पॉइंट
हम ईमानदारी से मेहनत कर रहे हैं, इसलिए नतीजे हर साल बेहतर आ रहे हैं। यहां के सिस्टम पर पूरे देश के अभिभावकों और छात्रों का पूरा भरोसा है, तभी तो वे यहां आकर कड़ी मेहनत से सलेक्ट हो रहे हैं। परीक्षा केंद्र बहाल नहीं करना पक्षपातपूर्ण कदम है, इसे लॉजिकल नहीं कहा जा सकता। आईआईटी के पास सेंटर ही देने का कोई ठोस आधार ही नहीं है।

– मनोज शर्मा, वाइस प्रेसिडेंट (प्रशासन), रजोनेंस
कोटा की निरंतर सफलता से दूसरे शहरों के कोचिंग संस्थानों की ईर्ष्या होना स्वाभाविक है, लेकिन आईआईटी बोर्ड को निष्पक्षता से एक समान पारदर्शी सिस्टम रखना चाहिए, किसी एक शहर के छात्रों

को परेशान करने से परीक्षार्थियों में सिस्टम के प्रति दुर्भावना पैदा होगी। यहां पेपर लीक नहीं होना साबित करता है कि पेपर की सुरक्षा का कोई खतरा नहीं है।

– नरेंद्र अवस्थी, निदेशक, वायब्रेट एकेडमी

राजनीतिक प्रयास भी नाकाम रहे

आईआईटी ने 2008 में कोटा में एक परीक्षा केंद्र पर पेपर लीक करने के प्रयास का मामला दर्ज किया था, उसे हटाने के लिए डेढ़ साल से निरंतर प्रयासरत हैं, आगे भी प्रयास जारी रखेंगे। सीबीएसई ने एआई ट्रिपल ई का ऑनलाइन सेंटर दिया है, एआईपीएमटी के परीक्षा केंद्र के लिए केंद्रीय स्वास्थ्य राज्य मंत्री ने भरोसा दिलाया है। भविष्य में जेईई का सेंटर भी बहाल करने का दबाव बनाएगा।

– इज्जाराज सिंह, सांसद
कोटा में कोचिंग सेंटरों की अधिकता को आधार बनाकर परीक्षा केंद्र बहाल नहीं किया जा रहा है, जबकि सीकर व अलवर जैसे नए सेंटरों पर भी कोचिंग चल रही है। सीबीएसई ने यहां कर जनभावनाओं का अपमान किया है, लेकिन आईआईटी बोर्ड हठधर्मिता अपनाने का दबाव बनाएगा।

– ओम बिरला, विधायक, कोटा दक्षिण



एमओयू पर हस्ताक्षर

नई दिल्ली। इंडियन ऑयल, भेल और आईआईटी राजस्थान ने सौर ऊर्जा तकनीक के अनुसंधान एवं विकास के क्षेत्र में काम करने के लिए मेमोरैंडम ऑफ अंडरस्टैंडिंग (एमओयू) पर हस्ताक्षर किया। मेमोरैंडम पर इंडियन ऑयल के निदेशक (आरएंडडी) ७आर के मल्होत्रा, आईआईटी राजस्थान के निदेशक प्रेम कालरा और भेल के निदेशक (आरएंडडी) ओ पी भुटानी ने इस पर हस्ताक्षर किया।

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रोजगार की ग्लोबल लीग में भारत, IIM को मिलेगी टक्कर



रोजगार के मोर्चे पर आईआईएम के छात्रों को मिलेगी अब हार्वर्ड, हार्टन, केलॉग, स्टैनफोर्ड और इनसीड के छात्रों से चुनौती

सौम्या भट्टाचार्य
नई दिल्ली

भारतीय प्रबंधन संस्थान (आईआईएम) के छात्रों की यहां के रोजगार बाजार में तृती बोलती है। इसमें जल्द ही बदलाव हो सकता है। टॉप प्लेसमेंट और मोटे वेतन पैकेज के लिए अब उन्हें आईवी लीग यूनिवर्सिटी और दूसरे शीर्ष शैक्षणिक संस्थानों के छात्रों से मुकाबला करना होगा। देश के टॉप बी-स्कूल कैम्पस पहुंचने वाली सबसे प्रतिष्ठित कंसल्टिंग कंपनी बेन एंड कंपनी, एटी कियर्नी और वोस्टन कंसल्टिंग ग्रुप का कहना है कि उन्हें बड़ी संख्या में हार्वर्ड, हार्टन, केलॉग,

स्टैनफोर्ड और इनसीड (फ्रांस) के छात्रों के बायोडाटा मिल रहे हैं।

इनमें भारतीय मूल के छात्र-छात्राओं की बड़ी संख्या है। विदेशी भी भारत में काम करने में काफी दिलचस्पी दिखा रहे हैं। आईआईएम और शीर्ष भारतीय बिजनेस स्कूलों के छात्रों के लिए अच्छी खबर यह है कि ऐसी प्रतिष्ठित कंपनियों के 100 में 90 पद उन्हें मिलते हैं। बेन एंड कंपनी के पार्टनर संपत सुदर्शन कुमार ने बताया, 'पश्चिमी मुलक आर्थिक मुश्किलों से घिरे हैं। ऐसे में भारत नई मंजिल बन रहा है।' पहले बेन को गैर-भारतीयों के बायोडाटा नहीं मिलते थे। अब उसे भारत में सीधी नियुक्ति के कई आग्रह मिले हैं। कुमार ने कहा,

'हमें उम्मीद है कि ऐसे बायोडाटा और आएंगे। चीन या भारत का अनुभव करियर के लिए काफी महत्वपूर्ण बनता जा रहा है।'

वोस्टन कंसल्टिंग ग्रुप (बीसीजी) इंडिया में हार्वर्ड, स्टैनफोर्ड और केलॉग से इस तरह के बायोडाटा पहले से कहीं ज्यादा आने लगे हैं। बीसीजी इंडिया में पार्टनर और डायरेक्टर रवि श्रीवास्तव ने कहा, 'फिलहाल, यह रिप्लेक्सिव नियुक्तियां हैं। बीसीजी इंडिया इस पर गंभीरता से विचार करने की योजना बना रहा है।' भारत में एटी कियर्नी ज्यादातर आईआईएम से नियुक्तियां करती हैं। इसमें आईआईएम के अहमदाबाद, बंगलूर, कोलकाता और कई बार लखनऊ कैम्पस भी शामिल

होता है। हाल में हैदराबाद के इंडियन स्कूल ऑफ बिजनेस से भी हायरिंग की गई है। हालांकि, अब इसमें बदलाव आने लगा है।

एटी कियर्नी के पार्टनर और वाइस प्रेसिडेंट विकास कौशल ने कहा, 'यह सच है कि पहले की तुलना में अब आईवी लीग के संस्थानों और शीर्ष बिजनेस स्कूलों के कहीं ज्यादा ग्रेजुएट भारत में काम करने के लिए हमसे संपर्क करते हैं।'

मसलन, फ्रांस स्थित इनसीड में एटी कियर्नी के भारतीय दफ्तरों में काम करने से जुड़े सवाल बीते कुछ साल में खूब बढ़े हैं।

► भारत में काम करना चाहते हैं ग्रेजुएट: पेज 2

भारत में काम करना चाहते हैं ग्रेजुएट

पेज 1 का शेष

कौशल ने बताया कि फ्रांस में एटी कियर्नी टीम इनसीड में रिक्रूटमेंट प्रोग्राम चलाती हैं और भारतीय प्रेक्टिस के लिए संभावित लोगों की पहचान की जाती है। कंपनी ने पश्चिमी बिजनेस स्कूलों के उन ग्रेजुएट से भी रिक्वेस्ट लेनी शुरू कर दी है, जो कुछ साल के लिए भारत में काम करना चाहते हैं। कौशल ने बताया, 'सीवी में भारत में काम करने का अनुभव होना बढ़िया रहता है। ऐसे लोगों की तादाद खूब बढ़ी है, जो यहां दो-तीन साल काम करना चाहते हैं। भारत जैसी उभरती हुई इकनॉमी में काम करने का अनुभव हासिल करने की दिलचस्पी खूब बढ़ी है। हमें काफी लोग ऐसे मिले हैं जो भारत में काम करना चाहते हैं।'

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अब कैट परीक्षा में यूआईडी से भी एंट्री

● अमर उजाला ब्यूरो

नई दिल्ली। अब कैट ऑनलाइन परीक्षा में यूनिक आइडेंटिफिकेशन नंबर से भी एंट्री हो जाएगी। यूआईडी एक तरह से फोटो प्रमाण पत्र के रूप में ही मान्य होगा। यदि उम्मीदवार अपने प्रवेश पत्र के साथ यूआईडी लेकर जाता है तो सेंटर में उसे जाने की अनुमति मिल जाएगी। अब तक अन्य फोटो प्रमाण पत्र को ही मान्य दस्तावेजों के रूप में शामिल किया गया था। चूंकि अभी 18 दिन ऑनलाइन परीक्षा होनी है लिहाजा उम्मीदवार इसका प्रयोग कर सकते हैं।

शनिवार को कैट परीक्षा की पहले दिन ही शुरुआत हुई। उसके बाद ही उम्मीदवारों को राहत देते हुए आईआईएम और प्रोमेट्रिक कंपनी ने यह फैसला लिया कि महत्वपूर्ण दस्तावेज के रूप में यूआईडी को भी शामिल किया जाए। सेंटर में कोई फोटो पहचान पत्र और प्रवेश पत्र के बिना प्रवेश निषेध है। अभी तक डाइविंग लाइसेंस, पासपोर्ट, पैन

● फोटो प्रमाण पत्र के रूप में यह भी होगा मान्य

● अभी 18 दिन होनी है ऑनलाइन कैट की परीक्षा

कार्ड, वोटर आईडी, कालेज आईडी, कर्मचारी पहचान पत्र और नोटराइज्ड एफिडेविट इन इंग्लिश विद फोटो, हस्ताक्षर, जन्मतिथि और आवास का पता लिखा होना चाहिए। काफी संख्या में यूआईडी बनाए जा चुके हैं। ऐसे में यह भी भारत सरकार की ओर से मान्य एक पहचान पत्र है। वहीं आईआईएम और प्रोमेट्रिक कंपनी ने उम्मीदवारों से एक बार फिर अपील की है कि वह सेंटर की जानकारी और ट्रेवल प्लान जांच कर सेंटर पर पहुंचे। साथ ही टेस्ट शेड्यूल से डेढ़ घंटा पहले सेंटर पर पहुंचे।